Risks of violence against children in travel and tourism

A child-friendly version of:

2022 report to the **UN General Assembly**

UN Secretary-General on Violence Against Children



The Special Representative and the Team



The 'United Nations' or the UN, is an organization of almost all the countries in the world, created to promote development, peace and security, and human rights.

UN is a place where Member States (countries that are members of the UN) discuss common challenges and find solutions TOGETHER, for all humanity, including CHILDREN. The head of the UN is called the 'Secretary-General'. The UN Secretary-General selects people to work with him on specific issues.



The Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Violence Against Children (or SRSG-VAC), Najat Maalla M'jid is one of them.

Najat and her team help countries end all forms of violence against **children**, in all settings, everywhere, always putting children first!

WHO IS BEHIND TRAVEL AND TOURISM?





The world is more interconnected than ever before. More and more people are travelling, within and between countries.







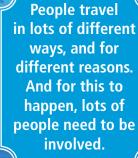


companies





People running











or working in restaurants





Boats





And more!

Travel and tourism is one of the largest industries in the world.

Planes



HOW ARE CHILDREN HARMED IN THE **CONTEXT OF TRAVEL AND TOURISM?**

More interaction with strangers, more risks











When people travel, they can have a lot of interaction with children. Most of the time, there is no harm to children.







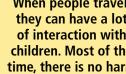
















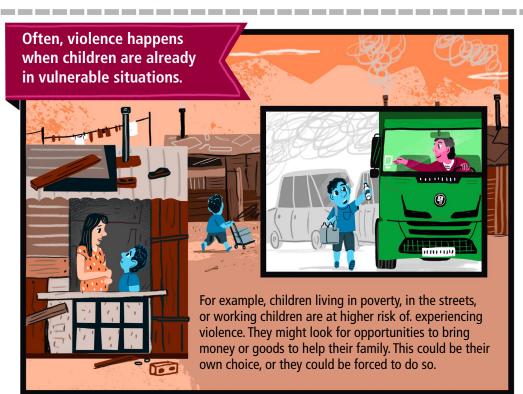




But sometimes. people travel to other countries or within their own countries and harm children.











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LET'S EXPLORE SOME OF THE RISKS CHILDREN FACE

CHILD SEXUAL EXPLOITATION AND ABUSE

Child sexual abuse is when someone takes advantage of a child with sexual purposes, whether in-person or online.

It is called sexual exploitation when somebody encourages or forces a child into sexual activities, and makes money or receives something in exchange.







Sometimes temporary child marriages can be used can be used to hide the sexual abuse and exploitation of children. Older men might travel somewhere and 'marry' a young girl.







MANY DIFFERENT TYPES OF CHILDREN AND OFFENDERS CAN BE INVOLVED WHEN IT COMES TO CHILD SEXUAL EXPLOITATION AND ABUSE.

There is no such thing as a 'typical offender'.



Offenders may think they are less likely to be caught because they are traveling.

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Some offenders may think that in a different place from home, things may not be considered 'wrong'.



Some offenders may think they can get away with abusing children because the laws are not being applied.





They may also seek out children who are less likely or unable to report violence they experience.



Sometimes there is more than one adult involved, such as when criminal gangs are involved in organizing the exploitation of children.



Through the Internet offenders can hide their identity to pretend to be somebody else, and they connect with children online before they travel.



All these crimes are a violation of children's rights.

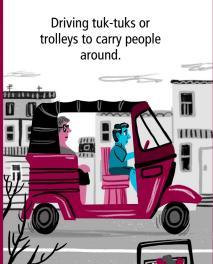
CHILD LABOR & WORKING CHILDREN

In travel and tourism, child labor has many faces, some visible and some hidden.





Selling food or souvenirs to tourists.



Working in hotels or restaurants cleaning guests' rooms, washing the dishes.

Involved in forced labor helping build the different buildings needed for people to travel, like hotels, and stadiums.



CHILDREN WHO ARE FORCED TO WORK:



Are probably not attending school.



Could be involved in dangerous working conditions or child labour.

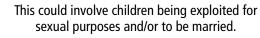


Are likely to experience other forms of violence, or even be involved in illegal activities or forced to commit crimes like selling drugs.

All these are a violation of children's rights.

CHILD TRAFFICKING

Child trafficking is when children are tricked, forced or convinced to leave their homes and are moved or transported to be exploited in different ways.









Digital technologies are sometimes used to facilitate the trafficking of children.



OTHER WAYS IN TRAVEL AND TOURISM WHERE CHILDREN CAN BE AT RISK

exploit children.

Sometimes very large or 'mega' sporting or cultural event happen, and many people travel from different places to come to these.





And sometimes children work cleaning the streets after these events happen, being at risk of experiencing other forms of violence, or even of being taken to detention centers.



Sometimes people travel to volunteer and help children.





MOVING FORWARD:

Why is it important to act NOW?





When COVID-19 came, travel and tourism was one of the industries to be most impacted. People went into lockdown, countries closed their borders, and people could not travel.

Chaving to move a live somewhere else because of conflicts and other reasons)



After COVID, people have gradually started to travel again. And the more people travel, the more children are at risk of being victims of violence.



The chances of children being victims of violence are also going up for other reasons.

Many things that put children in dangerous situations are increasing, like:



Impact of climate change

As vulnerabilities and travel increase, children are often in the middle.



And travel and toursim is also increasing.

TOURSIM STATE



As the travel and tourism industry continues to grow, it is important to make it **better and safer**.

In this way, we can make it more 'sustainable', which means how tourism can positively affect communities, culture, the environment, children, and more.

And for tourism to be sustainable for children, EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY.





Companies working in the travel and tourism sector:

Must ensure they check all the different ways their business affects children.

Should prevent any harm they identify.

Must respond quickly if any harm occurs.

Should adopt and implement policies looking to protect children in travel and tourism'.



Tech companies:

Can help improve detecting and reporting of violence, and making their platforms safer so perpetrators cannot commit their crimes.

EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY!





Non-governmental organizations (NGOs):

Civil society organizations and networks continue to play a key role in raising awareness, generating evidence, providing guidance and support to States and to industry, monitoring progress, and providing services for victims and survivors.



The financial sector:

Can also help law enforcement to 'follow the money' and catch offenders based on how they're paying.



Governments:

Can make sure they have good laws in place to protect children and control that they are implemented.

Should have dedicated bodies with the power and responsibilities to protect children in travel and tourism.

'Must also make sure that all children without discrimination have equal access to all the services they need.



Law enforcement agencies:

Must ensure that laws are implemented.

They also must catch offenders inside the country and across national borders.

AND CHILDREN LIKE YOU ARE TAKING ACTIONS!

Tell us
about your
actions too! You
can do so in our
our website



WHAT CHILDREN SAID

To be completed with regional dialogues



OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON

VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN

Check out other child-friendly reports and resources <u>here</u>



- violenceagainstchildren.un.org
- un violenceagainstchildren
- srsg-vac@un.org
- <u>UNviolenceagainstchildren</u>
- @UN_EndViolence

Illustrations by **@oyemathias**