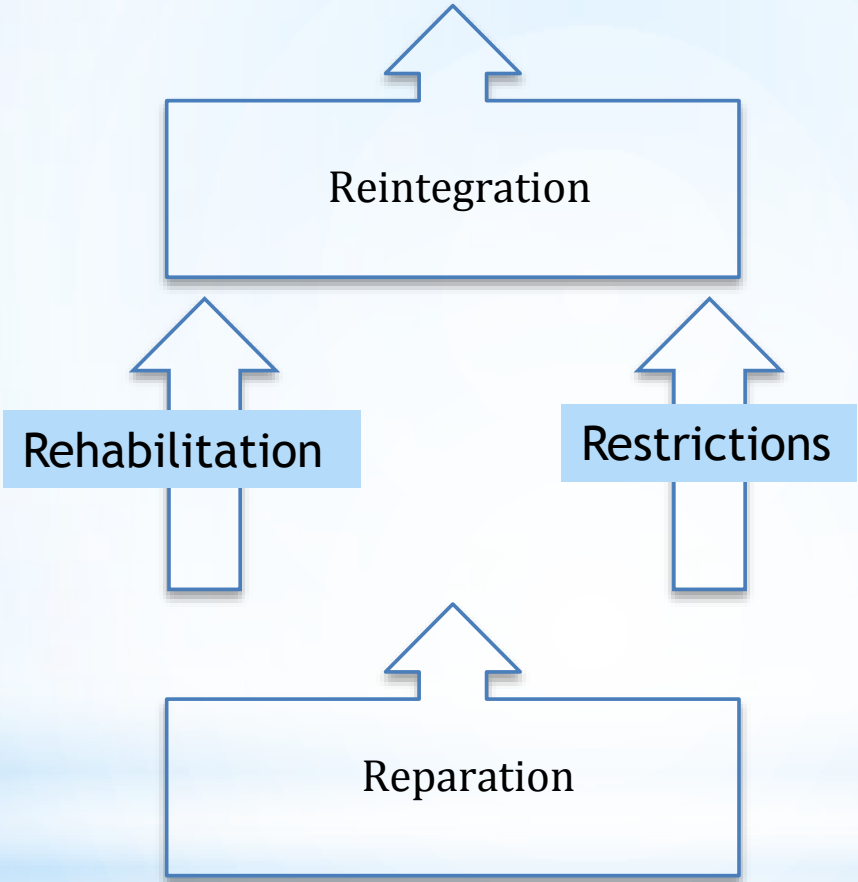


*** Other alternative
measures that
promote the best
interest of the child**

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* Protective Resources

R – relationships
E – expectations
S – skills
O – opportunities
U – understanding
R – responsibility
C – commitments
E – evaluation
S – success

Social Capital

Human capital

Causes and risk factors

- * Insecure attachment and trauma
- * Poor parental supervision
- * Harsh and erratic discipline
- * Parental conflict and domestic violence
- * Physical and emotional abuse
- * Lack of continuous loving relationship
- * Parental criminality and addiction
- * Lack of self control
- * Lack of empathy

Anti-social coping strategies

- * School refusal/exclusion
- * Anti-social peer group/gang culture
- * Aggression and violence
- * Drug and alcohol misuse

* **Rehabilitation**

- * Reduce the impact of insecure attachment and trauma through building safe, respectful and nurturing relationships;
- * Enable young people to learn more effective, pro-social coping strategies.

*** Two strategies can be used:**

- * Scaled approach
- * Multi-systemic therapy
- * Pro-social modelling
- * Strengthening families
- * Gang work
- * Integrated offender management

*** Evidence based
approaches**

* Desistance research

Social bonds - relationships

Maturation - responsibility

Identity - respect

* Family group conferences

* Circles of support and accountability

* Reintegration